# COMMUNITY RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN 2021-2025

# STATION RISK PROFILE 2021 TENBURY WELLS

(Updated October 2021)



### Station Risk Profile 2021

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### Foreword

The Station Risk Profiles provide local detail about fire and other risks in each of the Service's 25 fire station areas. They include information about each fire station and the types of incidents they attend, and highlight the main areas at risk of accidental dwelling fire and other life risk incidents. Each Profile provides supporting information for the Community Risk Management Plan (CRMP) 2021-2025. Where appropriate, figures used in the Profiles are rounded to the nearest 100.

The Station Risk Profiles should be read in conjunction with two other supporting documents: the CRMP Risk Review 2018, which provides a spatial analysis of life risk data across the two counties, and the CRMP Demographic Profile 2018, which provides information about the characteristics of the local population. All documents can be found on the Service website .

2021 Station Risk Profile: Tenbury Wells Fire Station

### 1 Introduction

1.1 Station Risk Profiles are reviews of potential life risks in each of the Fire and Rescue Service's 25 fire station areas. They form part of the CRMP Risk Review, which looks at the major life risk incidents across the two counties - Accidental Dwelling Fires and Road Traffic Collisions.

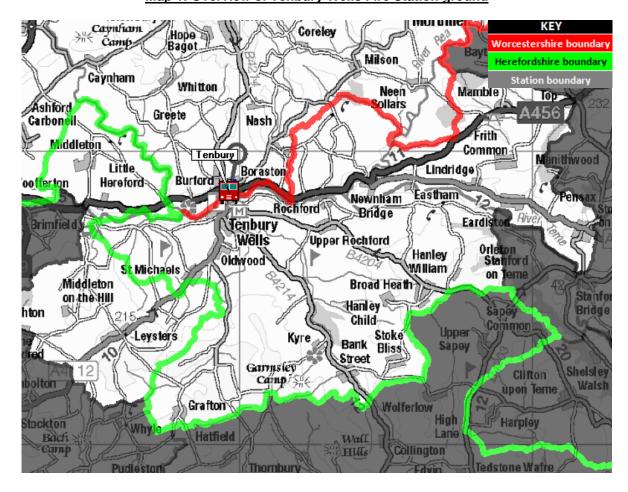
- 1.2 The Station Risk Profiles use the information presented in the CRMP Risk Review 2018 to provide a focused overview of the risks within each station area. They include a review of the types of incidents attended, and provide maps highlighting areas likely to be at greater risk of Accidental Dwelling Fires (ADFs) and Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs). Other potential risks such as outdoor fires and water incidents are also included where appropriate. Finally, there is an overview of the range of prevention and protection activity to be carried out within the station area, including a list of relevant heritage sites.
- 1.3 Station Commanders, crews and the Community Risk Department can use the information, in conjunction with the National Fire Chiefs Council Community Risk Calendar (Appendix 1) to inform their planning for prevention and protection work within the station area over a 12 month period.
- 1.4 There are a number of development plans for housing across the two counties up to 2030. Around 50,000 new homes are planned to be built up to 2031, a rate of about 4,500 per year. Most of the housing development is planned for sites within and around the larger urban areas, particularly the two cities of Worcester and Hereford and other main towns. It will be important to monitor the potential impact of this growth on our services, as population and vehicle numbers will continue to increase in these areas over this period. For example, there may be an increased need for more community safety and road safety activities in these areas, and with more traffic on the roads, there may be an impact on how quickly fire engines can reach incidents. Over the next few years, incident numbers and the types of incidents occurring in newly built areas will be monitored to help to assess any potential impact.
- 1.5 The current version of Station Risk Profile (dated October 2021) uses 12 years of incident data (2009/10-2020/21), following data quality control carried out between May 2019 and January 2020. The Fire Risk map has also been updated to include 2019/20 incident data, which is used to help identify those local neighbourhoods at potentially higher fire risk in the station area. This is also cross-referenced against the characteristics of households in station areas using Mosaic data<sup>1</sup>, which helps to identify those households at potentially higher fire risk.
- 1.6 Heat maps have also been prepared for RTCs and Water Rescues (where relevant) to highlight areas of potentially higher risk. The heat maps will be updated each year, where appropriate. A full update of the risk maps will also be prepared when new demographic data is available from the 2021 Census, and when updated Mosaic data becomes available.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mosaic data provides a detailed and accurate understanding of each citizen's location, their demographics, lifestyles and behaviours.

### 2 Tenbury Wells Fire Station Overview

- 2.1 Tenbury Wells Fire Station is located at Worcester Road just outside the Town centre. The Fire Station covers a large area of around 54 square miles, which houses 6,350 residents<sup>2</sup> living in 2,880 homes. The latest demographic data for Tenbury Wells estimates that 41 per cent residential housing has a head of the household aged over 66. 20 per cent of residential households have a single elderly resident<sup>3</sup>.
- 2.2 The Station has one fire engine which responds to all incident types.
- 2.3 During 2020/21 there were 66 incidents within the Station ground, approximately 1 per cent of the Service's total activity. The Station also receives and provides operational support to and from neighbouring Fire Stations as well as to locations further afield if needed.
- 2.4 Map 1 shows a general overview of the Fire Station ground. The shape of the Station ground is based on areas nearest to the Station as determined by the Service's Fire Control.



Map 1: Overview of Tenbury Wells Fire Station ground

<sup>3</sup> Household estimates are taken from data extracts provided by Experian's Mosaic Public Sector 2019 and demographic data from Experian's Mosaic Public Sector 2018.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Population data is a mid-2019 estimate which can be found on the nomis website.

### **Station Crewing Systems**

- 2.5 Within Hereford & Worcester Fire and Rescue Service, there are different ways of crewing the Fire Stations. This is determined by the level of risk associated with a Station area and the needs of the local community. The busiest Fire Stations are permanently crewed 24 hours a day (known as the Wholetime Duty System). The less busy Fire Stations are crewed by On-Call firefighters, who live or work locally and can respond to emergency calls quickly when they are needed (known as the Retained Duty System or RDS). The other duty system is called Wholetime Day Duty, where either the Fire Station or a Fire Engine is permanently crewed for 12 hours during the day and by On-Call firefighters at night.
- 2.6 The Fire Engine at Tenbury Wells Fire Station is crewed by a Retained Duty System crew who can usually respond within six minutes of being alerted.

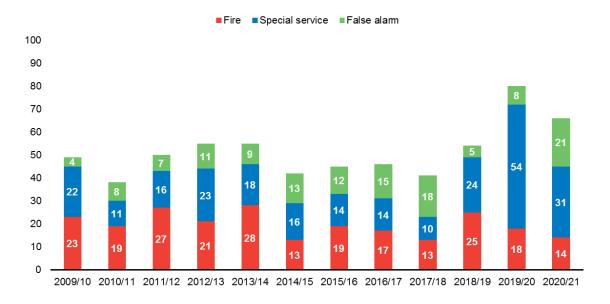
### 3 Incident Overview

3.1 The Service attends a range of incidents that can be divided into three broad categories; Fires, Special Services and False Alarms. Each category has a range of incidents that pose different types and levels of risk to communities and to the firefighters who tackle them. The categories are shown below:

•	Fires	these include dwelling fires, other building fires, outdoor fires and car fires
•	Special Services	these incidents are those such as Road Traffic Collisions, flooding, person rescues, spills, leaks and animal rescues
•	False Alarms	these are when the Service responds to fire Alarms or phone calls where there is no actual incident

- 3.2 Over the last 12 years (1 April 2009 to 31 March 2021), there were 621 incidents within Tenbury Wells Fire Station area. The majority of these were special services (40.74 per cent) and fire (38.16 per cent) with one in five being a false alarm (21.10 per cent). Over the 12 years, there was a reduction in the number of fire incidents recorded, however, the total number of incidents increased by 34.69 per cent.
- 3.3 Graph 1 below provides further details.

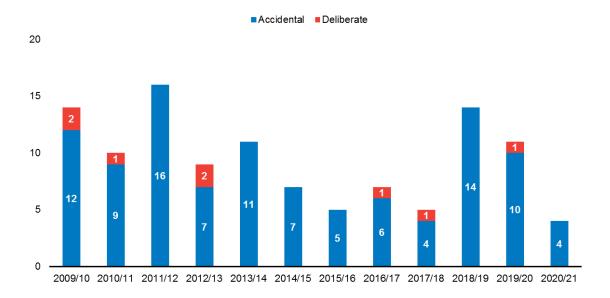
<u>Graph 1: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area – Incidents occurred 2009/10 to 2020/21</u>



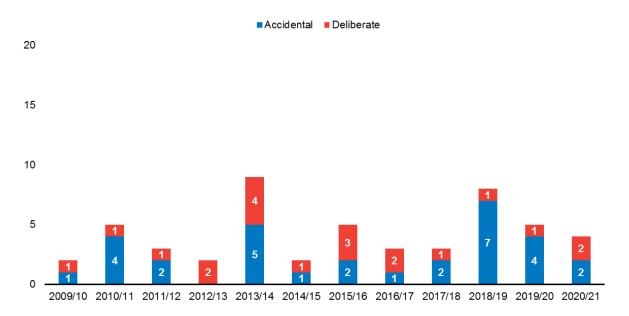
### **Fires**

3.4 The Fires category is generally broken down into two main types; Primary Fires, which are mainly building fires and vehicle fires, and Secondary Fires, which are outdoor fires affecting areas such as grassland, woodland, crop fields and gardens. Over the last 12 years in Tenbury Wells Fire Station ground the number of Primary Fires was down by 66.67 per cent with the majority being caused accidentally (92.92 per cent).

Graph 2: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Primary Fires 2009/10 to 2020/21



Graph 3: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Secondary Fires 2009/10 to 2020/21

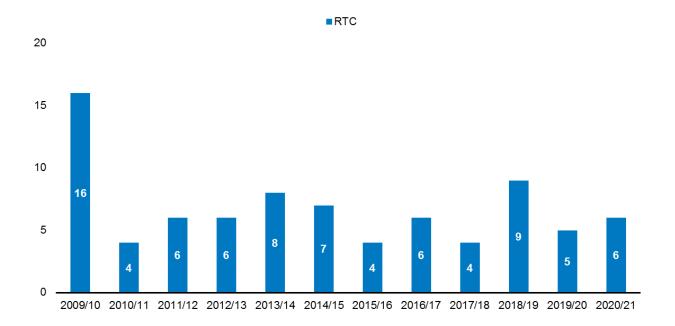


- 3.5 Graph 3 shows a breakdown of Secondary Fires in Tenbury Wells Fire Station area over the last 12 years. Secondary Fires mainly involve loose refuse (typically a bin fire) and grassland fires, especially during warm summer months. The graph shows that the numbers of accidental and deliberate Secondary Fires increased by 100 per cent over the time period but figures have always remained relatively low (below 10 incidents per year).
- 3.6 Accidental Dwelling Fires are a particular risk to life for both householders and firefighters. These are discussed further in Section 5 later in this report.

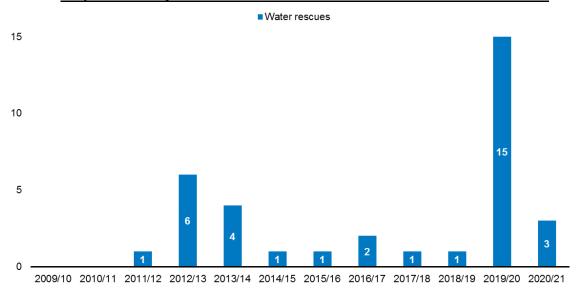
### **Special Service Incidents**

3.7 In terms of Special Service incidents, the two main categories for Tenbury Wells Fire Station area involving potential risk to life are Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs) and Water Rescues. Over the last 12 years, the number of RTCs recorded fell by 62.50 per cent as shown in Graph 4 below. Over the same period, the number of incidents involving rescues from water fluctuated with a spike in 2019/20 due to two flooding events which occurred in November 2019 and February 2020. In the remaining years the number of water rescues was very low (6 or less incidents per year). This is shown in Graph 5 below.

<u>Graph 4: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area – Road Traffic Collisions 2009/10 to 2020/21</u>



Graph 5: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Water Rescues 2009/10 to 2020/21

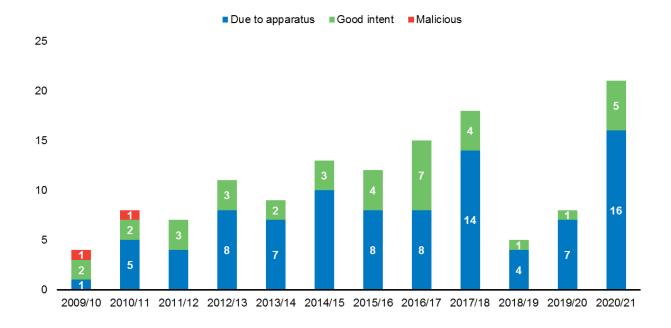


3.8 RTCs and Water Rescues are discussed further in Sections 6 and 7 respectively later in this report.

### **False Alarm Incidents**

3.9 False Alarm incidents are categorised into False Alarm Malicious, False Alarm Good Intent and False Alarm due to Apparatus. Over the last 12 years, the total number of False Alarms attended has fluctuated as shown in Graph 6 below. Increases were found in False Alarms due to Apparatus and Good Intent False Alarms. However, the total number of incidents recorded has never exceeded 21 in a single year.

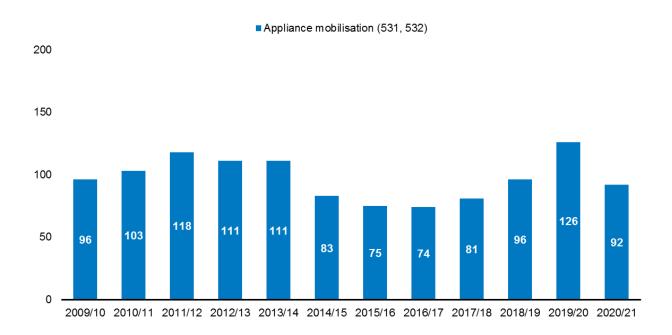
Graph 6: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - False Alarms 2009/10 to 2020/21



### **Appliance Mobilisation**

3.10 Although over the last 12 years (1 April 2009 to 31 March 2021) there were 640 incidents within Tenbury Wells Station area, Tenbury Well's appliances have actually been mobilised 1,166 times. (This figure is a sum of the amount of times the stations appliances have attended an incident, for example, if two appliances from the same station attend one incident, this is counted as two).

**Graph 7: Tenbury Wells Fire Station Activity 2009/10 to 2020/21** 



This has been broken down into the Service's area and 'over the border' mobilisations in table below.

Table 1: Tenbury Well's appliances mobilisations 2009/10 - 2020/21

Mobilisation	2009 /10	2010/	2011 /12	2012 /13	2013 /14	2014 /15	2015 /16	2016 /17	2017 /18	2018 /19	2019 /20	2020 /21
1st pump within station area	55	52	70	74	66	41	41	43	34	40	61	58
2nd pump within station area	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0
1st pump in other station areas	11	20	11	10	7	7	5	6	15	11	16	12
2nd pump in other station areas	16	14	16	10	10	3	10	8	9	20	20	12
1st pump over the border	14	17	21	13	13	9	7	5	4	7	3	10
2nd pump over the border	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NROB	-	-	-	1	9	22	9	8	15	15	20	
NOTR	-	-	-	3	5	1	3	4	3	1	5	
Total	96	103	118	111	111	83	75	74	81	96	126	92

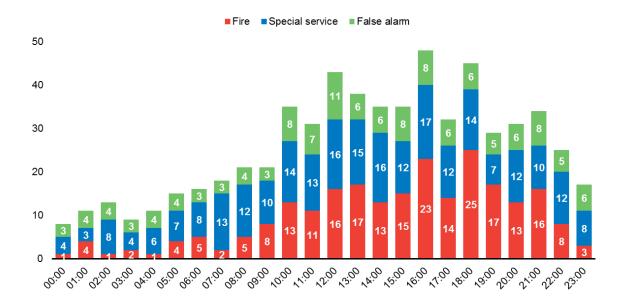
<sup>\*</sup> Mobilisation as second, third, ..., n pump

Out of 1,166 Tenbury Well's appliances mobilisations, 640 were primarily located within Tenbury Wells station area (54.89 per cent), followed by Leominster's station ground with 8.66 per cent and Bromyard with 7.03 per cent.

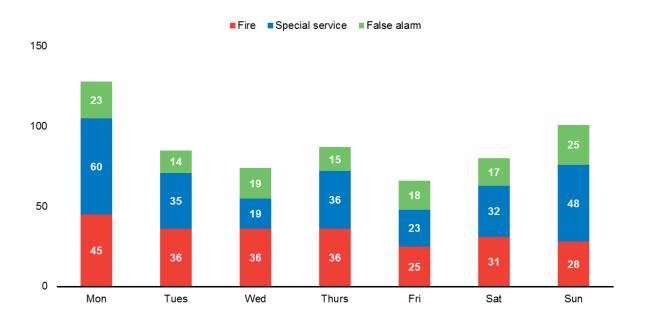
### 4 Tenbury Wells Fire Station Incident Occurrence

- 4.1 It is important for Station Commanders at the Service's Fire Stations to understand when incidents are more likely to happen, so that the right resources can be made available at the right time.
- 4.2 Using the last 12 years of incident data (2009/10 to 2020/21) for Tenbury Wells Fire Station area, incidents can be analysed in detail by time, day and month. This can help to identify particular trends, such as if most incidents are occurring during daylight hours which helps Station Commanders in ensuring enough resources are in place.
- 4.3 The following graphs show the specific hours, days of the week and months when incidents occurred in Tenbury Wells Fire Station area. Station Commanders will be able to examine the information closely to help identify any trends in incident types or occurrences, so that they can plan to address them with appropriate actions.

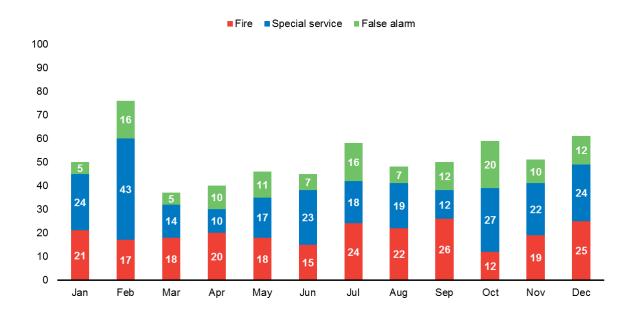
<u>Graph 8: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Hour of the Day Incidents Occurred</u> 2009/10 to 2020/21



<u>Graph 9: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area – Day of the Week Incidents Occurred</u>
2009/10 to 2020/21



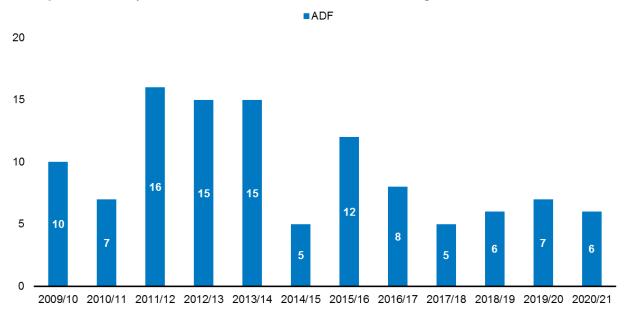
<u>Graph 10: Tenbury Wells Fire Station – Month of Year Incidents Occurred</u>
<u>2009/10 to 2020/21</u>



### 5 Risks Area In Relation To Accidental Dwelling Fires

5.1 This section looks specifically at Accidental Dwelling Fires and the potential risks within Tenbury Wells Fire Station area. In 2020/21 there were 6 incidents, this equates to just over 2 incidents per 1,000 homes<sup>4</sup>. Accidental Dwelling Fires have the potential to pose the risk of serious injury or death for the occupants and also for the firefighters attending the incident.

Graph 11: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Accidental Dwelling Fires 2009/10 to 2020/21



- 5.2 The CRMP Risk Review 2018 mapped the incidence of Accidental Dwelling Fires across the two counties and assigned risk ratings to highlight those areas that are at high, medium and low fire risk. This was worked out using a sophisticated Fire Risk Model, which is also used by Cumbria and Lancashire Fire and Rescue Services among others. Details of the calculations involved can be found in the CRMP Risk Review document.
- 5.3 The analysis for Tenbury Wells Fire Station area shows that a small number of areas were considered to be at medium; there were no high risk areas identified. This does not mean that living in a high risk area will lead to someone having an Accidental Dwelling Fire, but it does mean that high risk areas tend to have more fires than would normally be expected. The fire risk areas for 2017/18 to 2019/20 are mapped on Map 2 where the medium risk areas are shown in blue. Table 2 provides a list of those areas within Tenbury Wells Fire Station ground that have been considered to be at medium risk at some point during the last five years by the Fire Risk Model.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Household estimates are taken from data extracts provided by Experian's Mosaic Public Sector 2019 and demographic data from Experian's Mosaic Public Sector 2018.

Table 2: Areas most at risk of fire 2015/18 - 2017/20

Local Authority	LSOA Name	Local area name	LSOA Mosaic Classification <sup>5</sup>	Risk Level 2015/2018	Risk Level 2016/2019	Risk Level 2017/2020
Malvern Hills	Lindridge	Lindridge	A Country Living	М	M	M
Malvern Hills	Tenbury	Rochford	A Country Living	L	M	М

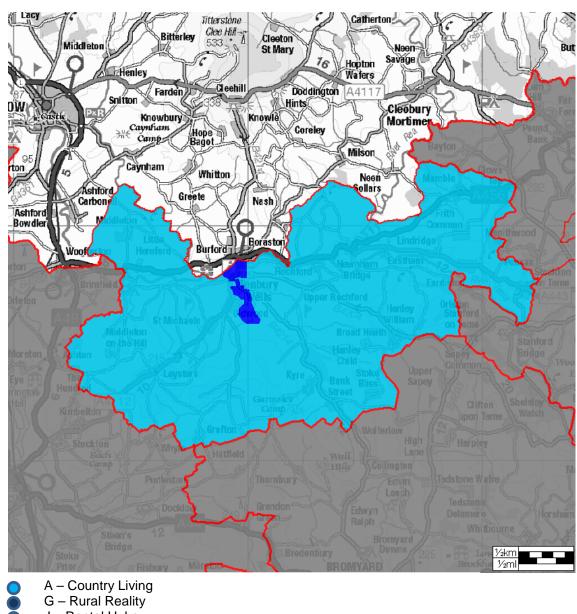
5.4 The local areas of Lindridge and Rochford have been identified as medium risk areas by the Fire Risk Model. The most common household characteristic for these areas is Country Living. Community risk activity is recommended in these particular areas to prevent the fire risk from increasing further. More detailed information on individual households to increase the accuracy of targeting can be requested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> LSOA Mosaic classification was assigned by using the most common household characteristic seen in each LSOA using Experian Mosaic Public Sector 2019. More detail on individual postcodes for more accurate targeting can be requested.

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Map 2: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Risk areas 2017/18 to 2019/20

5.5 In addition to mapping areas at risk, the CRMP Risk Review also examined the characteristics of households that tend to have more Accidental Dwelling Fires than expected given the relative number of households in each group – that is, Groups A, C, G, J, M, N, and O. When examining these groups in detail, it can be seen that those households share characteristics of higher levels of dependency, disadvantage and vulnerability (Groups M, N and O), they are now being joined by households in the less populated rural areas (Groups A and G). Group C has not been mapped and further details on this can be found in the CRMP Risk Review, instead focus has been on six groups (A, G, J, M, N and O) and these are shown on Map 3.



Map 3: At risk LSOA's by Mosaic Group 2017/18 to 2019/20

J - Rental Hubs

M - Family Basics N - Vintage Value

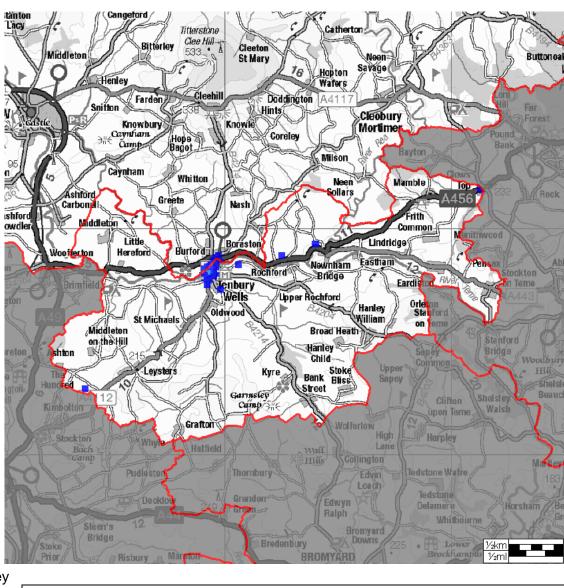
O - Municipal Challenge

More information on these Mosaic group types can be found in the CRMP Fire Risk Review.

Middleton Neen St Mary 16 Savage Hopton Waters Henley Cleehill Doddington A4117 Farden Snifton . Hints Cleobury Knowle Knowbury Mortimer Caynfiam Coreley Hope Bagot Camp Bar Bayton Milson Caynham Whitton Neeń Mamble Top ollars Ashtond A456 Greete Carbonelle Nash Frith Middleton Common Menithwood Little Boráston Lindridge Hereford Burford Woofferton Eastham Newnham Pensax Rochford 1 Bridge Eardiston Rive Brimfield. enbun Wells Upper Rochford Orleton Stanford Hanley Oldwood William Middleton St Michaels on Terms **Broad Heath** on the Hill Stanfe stani ey <sup>™</sup> Sapey Common Bridge Ashton Child Upper Leysters Stoke Кугө The Hundred Bank Bliss Street Garnsley A4112 Shelsle Clifton Cump/3 Kimboltan Wals upon Teme Grafton Wolferlow High Stockton Harpley Whyle Hatfield Wall Hills Camp Collington Pudleston Thornbury Tedstone Wafre Edvin Loach Tedstane Grendon-Docklow Edwyn 249 Delarosco Green Ralph visi in Burn Kev  $\frac{|}{|}$ ≓≯ligh Low

Map 4: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Accidental Dwelling Fires (2009/10 to 2020/21)

- 5.7 Map 4 shows the concentration of Accidental Dwelling Fires in Tenbury Wells Station area showing data between (2009/10 to 2020/21). This correlates with Map 5 which shows where the Community Risk department has been targeting Safe and Well Checks between 2017/18 to 2019/20.
- 5.8 Mapping Accidental Dwelling Fires and those households that tend to have more Accidental Fires than others provides Station Commanders and Community Risk officers with valuable information that will help to prioritise how they target their prevention and protection activities. When examining the local areas at potential risk, the maps can be expanded to show street level information about households and risks. Additional information about how to best contact those households at potential risk will also be available through the Community Risk department.



Map 5: Community Risk Activity - Safe and Well Checks 2017/18 to 2019/20

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### 6 Road Traffic Collision Incidents

6.1 The CRMP Risk Review 2018 identified Tenbury Wells Fire Station area as a low risk area for Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs) in 2017/18 – 2019/20. This was determined using a risk model based on the number of RTC incidents attended and the severity of those incidents in terms of injury to persons. Map 6 below shows the location of all RTCs that occurred within Tenbury Wells Fire Station area over the last 12 years (2009/10 to 2020/21) at 100 m grid cell. The hotspots tend to be concentrated on the main roads that pass through the Station area.

Middleton Neen St Mary Savage Hopton Henley Wafers Doddington Farden / A4117 Snifton Hints Cleobury Knowle Knowbury Crynfiam HE A Mortime Corelev Hope Bagot Camp Bayton Milson Caynham Clows Whitton Neeń Mamble Top ollars Ashrond Greete Carbon II Nash Middleton Common : Menithwood Boraston Little Lindridge Hereford: Burford Woofferton Eastham Rochford Newman Newnham Eardiston Rive Brimfield Tenbury Wells Upper Rochford Orleton Stanford Hanley Oldwood St Michaels William Middlelon on Teme **Broad Heath** on the Hill Stanfo **Hani** by Bridg Ashton Sapey Common Child Upper Leysters Stoke Куге Hundred Bank Sapey Bliss Street Garmsley A4112 Shelsle Clifton Cump Kimbolton Wals upon Teme Grafton Wolferlow Stockton Harpley Whyle Hatfield Bach : Camp Collington Pudleston Thornbury ledstone Wafre Edvin Loach Tedstane Grendon<sup>a</sup> Docklow Edwyn Raiph **Delar**nere Key <del>----</del>∷High Low

Map 6: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - RTC Hotspots 2009/10 to 2020/21

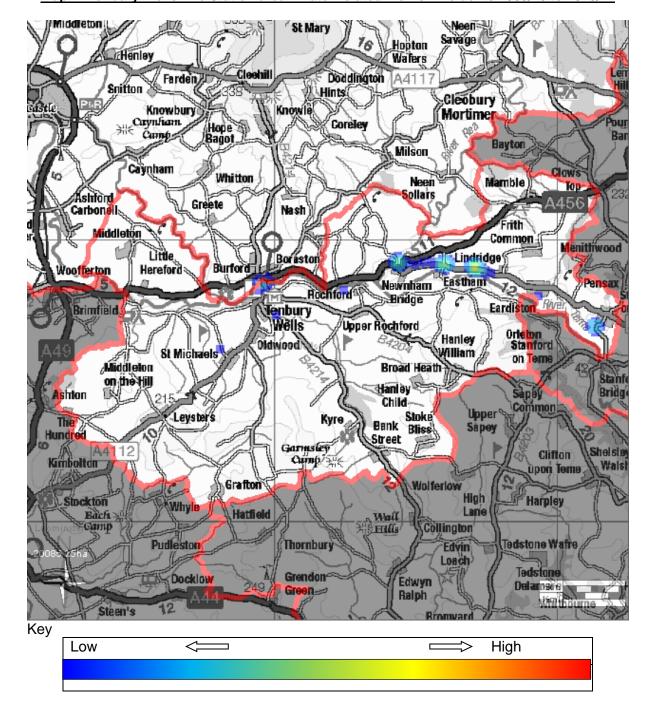
- 6.2 The map shows hotspots ranging from **high** (i.e. where RTCs occurred most frequently) graduating to **low** (i.e. where RTCs occurred least frequently). Where no colour is shown, this indicates that HWFRS did not attend any RTC incidents in the last 12 years.
- 6.3 The maps can be expanded to show individual roads and the location and type of each RTC incident attended. This will provide Station Commanders and Community Risk officers with important data when working with local authority and road safety partners.

### 7 Other Potential Life Risks

- 7.1 In addition to Accidental Dwelling Fires and Road Traffic Collisions, the Service attends a number of other incidents which have the potential to harm life and property. Among such incidents are water rescues and weather-related issues such as wide area flooding and wildfire. Heritage buildings also pose a potential risk, with many having unique features and important and irreplaceable artefacts. A significant number are also timber-framed and liable to a faster spread of fire.
- 7.2 In Tenbury Wells Fire Station area, the main risks relate to the River Teme, and the potential for flooding during adverse weather, while wildfire tends to be less prevalent. Heritage issues are less likely to be a risk to life, but safeguarding the heritage environment (both built and natural) is an important part of the Service's role in helping to improve the safety of the community. Heritage issues are discussed further in Section 8 below.

### **Water Incidents**

7.3 Map 7 below shows the location of all water incidents involving life risk that have occurred within Tenbury Wells Fire Station area over the last 12 years (2009/10 to 2020/21) at 100 m grid cell.



Map 7: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area -Water-related life risk incidents 2009/10 to 2020/21

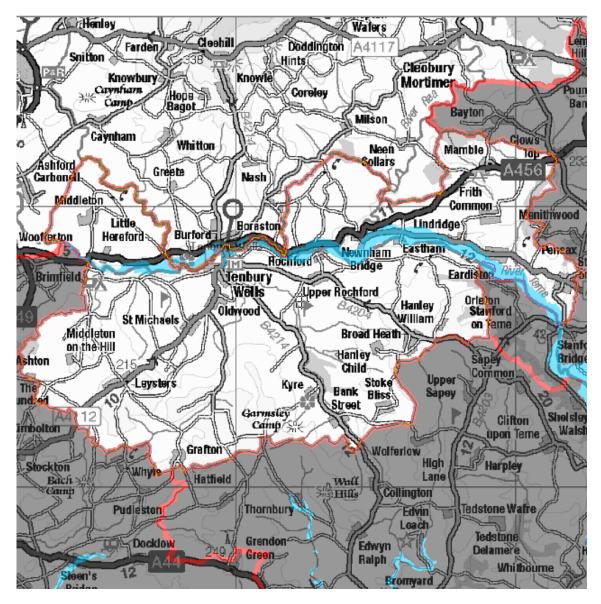
7.4 The major water source within this area is the River Teme and the majority of water rescues have involved vehicles that have become stranded in flood water. Hotspots can be seen in Tenbury and around the Newnham Bridge area. As with the maps of accidental fires and RTCs, the maps of water rescues can be expanded to show incidents in more detail, which will assist Station Commanders in familiarising crews with areas of concern and in working with the Community Risk department and partner agencies to carry out preparatory and preventative work and raise awareness within the local community.

7.5 Other water-related incidents include rescues of people from flooded properties, fords, lakes and quarries as well as animal rescues from water. These can also be mapped to assist Station Commanders and Community Risk officers in their partnership work with water safety agencies and landowners.

### **Flooding Areas**

7.6 Maps prepared by the Environment Agency show areas that are likely to flood in the event of adverse weather conditions. Fire Station crews also have access to more detailed maps through their Mobile Data Terminals carried by every fire engine, as well as via the <a href="Environment Agency website">Environment Agency website</a>. Map 8 below shows the area most likely to flood, which is primarily along the course of the River Teme.

Map 8: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area – Flooding areas identified by the Environment Agency



7.7 Information about areas likely to flood is used during flood planning with water safety partners and can be used as part of the Safe and Well Checks carried out with residents in these areas. This includes information on flood risk and advice on early evacuation in the event of flooding. Fire Station crews will also find more specific information about flood planning on the Service intranet.

### 8 Prevention and Protection Activities

8.1 All Fire Station crews and Community Risk officers have a key role to play in preventing incidents from happening and in protecting life and property in the event of emergency incidents. In helping to deliver the Community Risk Management Plan over the next few years, Tenbury Wells Fire Station crews and the Community Risk department will be involved in a range of activities including the following:

### a) NFCC Community Risk Calendar 2021

8.2 Each year the National Fire Chiefs Council prepares a calendar of events and campaigns to help promote community safety across the country. The Service uses this to help plan local events and campaigns throughout the year, in addition to more local community safety activities, and Fire Stations are fully involved in delivering this in their local areas. The 2021 Calendar can be found in Appendix 1 of this report.

### b) Safe and Well Checks

8.3 These checks involve a visit to people's home to deliver fire safety advice and to install smoke alarms where needed. They help to identify other potential areas of concern, which may require additional input from partner agencies, in order to help people remain safe and well in their own homes. Having identified households and areas likely to be more vulnerable to accidental dwelling fire as set out in Section 5 of this report, Station Commanders will be able to cross-reference the most at risk areas when working with the Community Risk department and community safety partners to introduce more targeted prevention activities.

### c) Intel Process

8.4 Every Fire Station has identified a number of specific risks in their area, which are scheduled to be visited and reviewed on a regular basis. The specific risks for Tenbury Wells Fire Station are listed on the Mobile Data Terminals and on the Service intranet at the following link: <a href="Tenbury Wells Fire Station Risk Premises">Tenbury Wells Fire Station Risk Premises</a>. The Intel Process also enables crews to identify potential new risk properties and sites. In addition, each Fire Station presents their Top 5 Risks based on the specific risks to firefighters, the public, the environment, the local economy and heritage. These are reviewed by all firefighters at the Fire Station as part of their competency training.

### d) <u>Technical Fire Safety Inspections</u>

8.5 These involve Technical Fire Safety officers conducting risk based audit and intelligence led audit programmes looking at the potential risks in commercial premises including occupancy and management procedures. This helps to ensure the premises meet fire safety regulations<sup>6</sup>.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005

### e) Business Fire Safety Checks

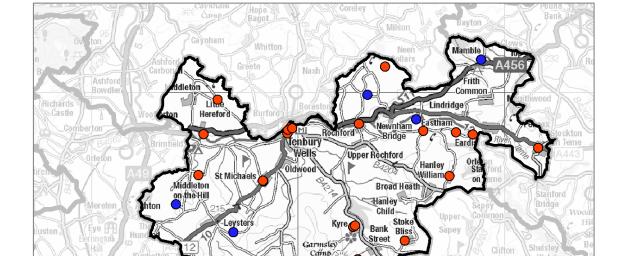
8.6 Commercial properties regarded as low risk are visited by the Wholetime crews at Fire Stations, which involves crews checking for basic fire safety requirements. Any areas of concern are highlighted to Technical Fire Safety officers for further investigation. Additional work is being undertaken by the Community Risk department to map commercial premises and their associated risks and once complete this will be made available to support Fire Stations in their work with local businesses.

### f) Heritage sites

8.7 At March 2020 there were over 12,000 'listed' buildings and sites across Herefordshire and Worcestershire. 'Listing' is a process used to grade heritage importance and interest. Grade I and II\* buildings and sites are of particular importance, of which there are currently 920 in the two counties. Tenbury Wells Fire Station area contains 5 Grade I and 22 Grade II\* buildings and sites. Section 9 provides a map and list of all such buildings and sites in Tenbury Wells Fire Station area. This will support Station Commanders in familiarising their crews with their locations, nature and value, and will help in planning emergency cover, preventative and salvage arrangements.

### 9 Grade I and Grade II\* Listed Buildings

- 9.1 Grade I buildings are considered to be of exceptional interest. Grade II\* buildings are considered to be of particular importance of more than Special interest.
- 9.2 The location of Grade I and II\* listed buildings are shown on Map 9 below.



Map 9: Tenbury Wells Fire Station area - Location of Grade I and Grade II\* Listed Building

The tables on the following pages list each building by the Station area. The buildings and structures are drawn from English Heritage's Listed Buildings database<sup>7</sup>, updated to March 2020. More information can be gained from this website by entering the list entry number into the search facility.

Eyton

Listed Buildings

Grade I

Grade II\*

Harpley

ledstone Wafre

Tedstone

Whitbourne

Ralph

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>Listed Buildings Database</u>

# Tenbury Wells – Grade I Listed Buildings

List Entry Number	Grade	Building Name	Eastings	Northings
1166945	I	Church of St Andrew	356837	263250
1081406	I	Church of St John the Baptist	368844	271615
1167020	I	Church of St Mary	354052	264606
1167609	I	Church of St Michael	363336	269913
1350032	I	Church of St Peter and St Paul	365697	268729

# Tenbury Wells – Grade II\* Listed Buildings

List Entry Number	Grade	Building Name	Eastings	Northings
1301094	*	Bleathwood Manor	356070	269676
1296918	*	Church of All Saints	367309	265976
1082110	*	Church of St Andrew	371614	267339
1179365	*	Church of St Mary	362646	263515
1082426	*	Church of St Mary	359442	268368
1082535	*	Church of St Mary Magdalene	355389	268006
1082473	*	Church of St Michael	359302	261428
1082446	*	Church of St Michael	362918	268506
1349604	11*	Church of St Michael and All Angels	358268	265753
1179894	*	Cornwall House	359457	268041
1179454	*	Dovecote about 120 yards North- East of Kyre Park	362737	263572
1350059	*	Great House and attached outbuilding adjoining	364189	271278
1081442	*	Lower House Farmhouse	367626	268098
1180022	II*	Nos 5 and 6 and adjoining railings to front	359478	268221
1350031	*	Puddleford Farmhouse and adjoining Cider House	368437	267992
1082404	II*	Pump Room, Brine Baths and Reading Room	359687	268288
1081444	*	Robin's End	366043	268165
1349605	II*	St Michael's College and adjoining cloister	358292	265714
1082454	*	Stables and adjoining shelter shed	362869	261941
1179715	*	Stoke Bliss Church	365142	262850
1082453	*	The Hyde and adjoining Hop Kiln	362854	261928
1167003	11*	Upton Court	355137	266027

# FIRE AND RESCUE 2021 CAMPAIGN CALENDAR 2021

www.nationalfirechiefs.org.uk www.firekills.campaign.gov.uk

